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Immigration to São Paulo.

During the month of November there arrived at Santos 6,491 immigrants, of which number, 6,268 came from Europe. Of this total number coming from Europe, 3,398 came from Spain, 1,444 came from Italy, 1,089 came from Portugal, and 95 from Austria. From the River Plate region during the same period there arrived 61 and from Brazilian ports 162. To the River Plate there departed from São Paulo, 2,349 Italians, 144 Spanish, 11 Portuguese, and to Europe there departed 1,448 Italian.

Santos.—During the week ended the 11th instant there were in all 24 deaths, of which number, 1 was caused by bubonic plague, 3 by variola, 1 by typhoid fever, 1 by malarial fever, and 1 by tuberculosis, 1 by ankylostomiasis, 1 by disease of the nervous system, 1 by disease of the circulatory system, 4 by disease of the respiratory system, 5 by disease of the digestive system, 1 by disease of the skin, and 4 by unknown causes. There were also 4 still births.

Campinas.—During the week ended the 11th instant there were in all 32 deaths—grippe, 1; dysentery, 1; leprosy, 1; cancer, 1; diseases of the nervous system, 2; of the circulatory system, 2; of the respiratory system, 9; of the digestive system, 7; and cause unknown, 8.

Mortuary report of Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

During the week ended the 25th instant, there were, in all, in this city, 352 deaths. Of this number none were caused by yellow fever, nor were there any cases of this disease. Plague caused 12 deaths, with 26 new cases. Five of the deaths occurred in 4 of the districts into which the city is divided. Variola caused 49 deaths, with only 83 new cases—20 cases less than any week since the 8th of last May. The deaths occurred in 7 of the 13 city districts, as well as in the hospitals.

Other causes: Grippe, 6; typhoid fever, 1; beriberi, 6; leprosy, 1; erysipelas, 3; malarial fevers, 5; tuberculosis, 58; pulmonary variety, 52; syphilis, 5; cancer, 8; "other systemic diseases," 5; diseases of the nervous system, 26; of the circulatory system, 40; of the respiratory system, 30; of the digestive system, 61; of the urinary system, 11; accidents during the puerperal state, 2; diseases of the skin, 2; congenital debility, 6; senile debility, 5; violence (except suicide), 7; diseases badly defined, 3.

By ages: Less than 1 year, 71; 1 to 5, 33; 5 to 10, 11; 10 to 20, 31; 20 to 30, 63; 30 to 40, 50; 40 to 50, 33; 50 to 60, 24; more than 60 years of age, 35; and age unknown, 1. Males, 220; natives, 280; foreigners, 71; nationality unknown, 1.

The daily average of deaths was 50.28, compared with 44.57 for the preceding week, and with 50 for the corresponding week in 1903. This number gives a coefficient per 1,000 of the estimated population of 21.65.

The highest range of the thermometer was on the 23d, 36° C.—the hottest day in some ten years—and the lowest was on the 21st, 21.2° C., with an average for the week of 26° C. The total rainfall was 24.92 mm., with a daily average of 3.56 mm.

During the week ended the 1st instant, the following vessels were inspected and issued bills of health from this office: On the 25th ultimo the British barkentine Eva Lynch, for Baltimore, with coffee,